Table 25. Standard errors for short-term disability plans: Fixed percent of earnings, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009

Characteristics	Fixed percent of earnings						Moon five d	Median
	Less than 50 percent	50 percent	51 to 59 percent	60 percent	61 to 69 percent	Greater than 69 percent	Mean fixed percent of earnings	fixed percent of earnings
All workers	0.2	1.4	0.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.5	0.0
Worker characteristics								
Management, professional, and related	0.2 - 0.2 - (¹) - (¹) 1.0	1.8 2.7 1.6 4.2 - 1.3 1.9 1.4 3.3	0.2 0.2 0.2 1.1 - 0.3 0.4 0.4	2.1 2.7 2.4 2.7 11.9 1.3 2.0 1.7 2.3	1.7 1.9 2.1 3.9 - 1.2 1.9 1.3 3.0	2.0 2.5 2.3 1.1 2.2 1.4 2.3 1.4 1.3	0.8 0.9 0.9 0.7 1.3 0.5 0.7 0.5	6.8 2.5 4.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	2.2 0.5 0.5 0.7 0.3	4.3 4.0 1.6 2.0 2.1	- 0.2 0.2 0.3	4.2 2.8 2.5 3.2 2.7	4.4 3.3 1.9 2.4 2.3	2.5 1.6 1.6 2.0 2.6	1.3 0.8 0.6 0.6 1.0	6.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Full time	0.2	1.4 4.9	0.3	1.2 3.3	1.1 3.8	1.1 3.9	0.4 1.6	0.0 1.4
Union Nonunion	0.6 0.2	2.7 1.4	0.5 0.3	2.0 1.2	2.2 1.1	2.2 1.1	1.0 0.5	3.1 0.0
Wage percentiles:2 Lowest 10 percent Lowest 25 percent Second 25 percent Third 25 percent Highest 25 percent Highest 10 percent		6.2 4.2 1.8 0.9 1.3 1.1	- 0.6 0.6 0.2 0.3	3.4 2.4 1.5 1.4 2.2 2.9	6.6 3.6 1.4 1.3 1.5 2.0	2.1 1.6 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.2	1.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.7 0.8	12.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.8 0.7
Establishment characteristics								
Goods-producing industries	0.6 - 0.7	1.0 3.9 1.2	(¹)	2.5 3.1 2.7	1.8 3.6 2.2	2.0 2.8 2.3	0.7 1.4 0.8	0.0 1.2 0.0
Service-providing industries	(¹) - - - -	1.7 1.5 2.3 2.5 3.8 4.7	0.3 0.4 - - -	1.3 1.4 3.3 2.0 4.5	1.4 1.2 2.7 2.2 2.7 5.7	1.2 1.8 2.7 2.0 4.5 7.1	0.5 0.6 0.7 0.7 1.8 2.8	0.0 0.0 0.0 2.4 3.2 0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Standard errors for short-term disability plans: Fixed percent of earnings, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009—Continued

Characteristics	Fixed percent of earnings							Median
	Less than 50 percent	50 percent	51 to 59 percent	60 percent	61 to 69 percent	Greater than 69 percent	Mean fixed percent of earnings	fixed percent of earnings
Information		3.1		4.4	3.5	4.5	1.3	6.5
Information	_	3.1	0.7	2.5		4.5 2.2	0.8	3.5
Financial activities Finance and insurance	_		0.7	2.5	3.0	2.2	0.8	
	_	1.4			2.5		-	0.3
Credit intermediation and related activities	_	4.1	1.0	2.9	3.5	2.4	1.2	2.5
Insurance carriers and related activities	_	2.4	_	4.5	3.3	3.8	1.2	0.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	_		_	7.7			2.1	0.0
Professional and business services	_	2.4	_	3.8	3.2	3.0	1.0	0.0
Professional and technical services	_	2.5	-	5.4	4.2	4.3	1.5	3.7
Administrative and waste services	_	5.8	-	5.8	7.0	-	1.7	0.8
Education and health services	0.4	3.1	0.6	2.5	3.6	1.6	0.4	0.0
Educational services	_	2.1	0.8	3.6	2.2	3.6	1.7	0.0
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	_	2.2	-	2.2	1.3	2.5	1.1	2.3
Health care and social assistance	0.5	3.8	0.8	2.7	4.2	1.5	0.6	0.0
Leisure and hospitality	_	6.6	_	4.6	_	1.1	1.2	11.4
Accommodation and food services	_	6.5	_	4.7	_	1.1	1.2	11.1
Other services	_	11.9	_	-	_	2.9	2.0	11.8
1 to 99 workers	0.2	2.1	0.4	2.0	1.6	1.3	0.5	0.0
1 to 49 workers	_	2.0	0.6	2.2	2.3	1.5	0.6	0.0
50 to 99 workers	_	4.6	_	2.7	2.7	2.4	1.0	0.0
100 workers or more	0.2	2.1	0.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	0.7	0.0
100 to 499 workers	0.4	1.4	-	1.9	1.6	1.6	0.6	0.0
500 workers or more	0.2	3.9	0.4	2.1	2.7	2.5	1.2	0.0
Geographic areas								
New England	_	3.1	_	6.4	2.9	4.7	1.5	0.0
Middle Atlantic	_	1.8	0.3	1.1	1.9	1.1	0.5	4.5
East North Central	0.4	1.2	_	2.3	2.1	3.1	0.6	0.0
West North Central	-	1.8	_	6.4	3.3	4.5	1.1	0.0
South Atlantic	0.5	1.3	_	3.1	1.6	3.6	1.5	0.0
East South Central	- 0.0		_	7.7	1.6	J.0 —	2.8	0.0
West South Central	_	2.1	0.2	4.2	3.2	2.7	1.0	0.0
Mountain	_	3.0	0.2	7.5	1.8	6.3	1.8	0.0
Pacific	_	2.1	2.6	3.5	4.5	3.0	1.2	2.1
1 aoine	_	4.1	2.0	3.5	4.5	3.0	1.2	۷.۱

¹ Less than 0.05.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20082009.htm.

The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold. The percentile values are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2008." See Technical Note for more details.